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Sta'-Put S200 Canister Adhesive - 37 LB, 175 LB, and 355 LB canisters

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

Issue date: 03/26/2021 Version: 1.0

SECTION 1: Identification

1.1. Identification

Product form : Mixture

Product name : Sta'-Put S200 Canister Adhesive - 37 LB, 175 LB, and 355 LB canisters

1.2. Recommended use and restrictions on use

Use of the substance/mixture : Adhesive

1.3. Supplier

ITW Polymers and Sealants NA
12055 Cutten Road
Houston, TX 77066
T 972-438-9111

1.4. Emergency telephone number

Emergency number : CHEMTREC (US Transportation): (800) 424-9300

SECTION 2: Hazard(s) identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

GHS-US classification

Press. Gas (Liq.)	H280
Flam. Liq. 1	H224
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Eye Irrit. 2	H319
Carc. 1B	H350
STOT SE 3	H336
STOT RE 2	H373

2.2. GHS Label elements, including precautionary statements

GHS US labelling

Hazard pictograms (GHS US) :

Signal word (GHS US) : Danger

Hazard statements (GHS US) :
H224 - Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.
H280 - Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.
H315 - Causes skin irritation.
H319 - Causes serious eye irritation.
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H350 - May cause cancer.
H373 - May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Precautionary statements (GHS US) :
P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
P210 - Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
P240 - Ground/Bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 - Use explosion-proof ventilating equipment.
P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.
P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P260 - Do not breathe gas, spray, vapors, fume.
P264 - Wash clothing, hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling.
P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P280 - Wear eye protection, face protection, protective clothing, protective gloves
P302+P352 - If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water.
P303+P361+P353 - IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower
P304+P340 - IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338 - IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.
P312 - Call a doctor, a poison center if you feel unwell.
P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313 - If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use Foam, dry extinguishing powder, Carbon dioxide (CO_2), Water fog to extinguish.
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.
P405 - Store locked up.
P410+P403 - Protect from sunlight. Store in a well-ventilated place.
P501 - Dispose of contents/container to hazardous or special waste collection point, in accordance with local, regional, national and/or international regulation.

2.3. Other hazards which do not result in classification

No additional information available

2.4. Unknown acute toxicity (GHS US)

Not applicable

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Not applicable

3.2. Mixtures

Name	Product identifier	%
Methylene chloride	(CAS-No.) 75-09-2	30 – 60
Hydrocarbon propellant	(CAS-No.) Mixture	15 – 40

In accordance with paragraph (i) of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR §1910.1200), the specific chemical identity or exact weight % has been withheld as a trade secret.

SECTION 4: First-aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

First-aid measures general : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention. Show this safety data sheet to the doctor in attendance. Wash contaminated clothing before re-use. Never give anything to an unconscious person.

First-aid measures after inhalation : IF INHALED: Remove to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. Get medical attention. If breathing is difficult, supply oxygen. If breathing has stopped, give artificial respiration.

First-aid measures after skin contact : IF ON SKIN (or clothing): Remove affected clothing and wash all exposed skin with water for at least 15 minutes. If irritation develops or persists, get medical attention immediately.

First-aid measures after eye contact : IF IN EYES: Immediately flush with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses if present and easy to do so. Get medical attention immediately. Continue rinsing.

First-aid measures after ingestion : IF SWALLOWED: rinse mouth thoroughly. Do not induce vomiting without advice from poison control center or medical professional. Get medical attention immediately.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects (acute and delayed)

Symptoms/effects : Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Symptoms/effects after inhalation : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

Symptoms/effects after skin contact : Causes skin irritation.

Symptoms/effects after eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Symptoms/effects after ingestion : May cause gastrointestinal irritation.

Chronic symptoms : May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

4.3. Immediate medical attention and special treatment, if necessary

No additional information available

SECTION 5: Fire-fighting measures

5.1. Suitable (and unsuitable) extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media : Foam. Dry powder. Carbon dioxide. Water fog.

Unsuitable extinguishing media : Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire.

5.2. Specific hazards arising from the chemical

Fire hazard : Extremely flammable liquid and vapor.

Explosion hazard : Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated. Avoid fire, sparks, static electricity and hot surfaces. Liquid readily evaporates at room/ambient temperature. Vapors are invisible, flammable, heavier than air, and may accumulate in low areas and spread long distances. Distant ignition and flashback are possible.

Reactivity : No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

5.3. Special protective equipment and precautions for fire-fighters

Firefighting instructions : Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Prevent human exposure to fire, fumes, smoke and products of combustion. Do not dispose of fire-fighting water in the environment.

Protection during firefighting : Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection. Wear a self-contained breathing apparatus and appropriate personal protective equipment (PPE).

Other information : This material is flammable and may be ignited by heat, sparks, or static electricity. Vapors may travel long distances along ground before igniting/flashing back to vapor source.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

General measures : Spill should be handled by trained cleaning personnel properly equipped with respiratory and eye protection. Evacuate area. Keep upwind. Ventilate area. Avoid vapor formation. Eliminate all ignition sources if safe to do so. Vapor may cause flash fires. Vapors are heavier than air and can travel long distances to ignition sources.

6.1.1. For non-emergency personnel

Protective equipment : Wear Protective equipment as described in Section 8.

Emergency procedures : Evacuate unnecessary personnel.

6.1.2. For emergency responders

Protective equipment : Approved supplied-air respirator, in case of emergency. Wear suitable protective clothing, gloves and eye or face protection.

6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

For containment/methods for cleaning up : SMALL SPILL: Dike area to contain spill. Take precautions as necessary to prevent contamination of ground and surface waters. Recover spilled material on absorbent, such as sawdust or vermiculite, and sweep into closed containers for disposal. After all visible traces, including ignitable vapors, have been removed, thoroughly wet vacuum the area. Do not flush to sewer. If area of spill is porous, remove as much contaminated earth and gravel, etc. as necessary and place in closed containers for disposal. Only those persons who are adequately trained, authorized, and wearing the required personal protective equipment (PPE) should participate in spill response and clean-up.

LARGE SPILL: Keep spectators away. Only those persons who are adequately trained, authorized and wearing the required personal protective equipment (PPE) should participate in spill response and clean-up. Ventilate the area by natural means or by explosion proof means (i.e. fans). Know and prepare for spill response before using or handling this product. Eliminate all ignition sources (flames, hot surfaces, portable heaters and sources of electrical, static, or frictional sparks). Dike and contain spill with inert material (e.g. sand, earth). Transfer liquids to covered and labeled metal containers for recovery or disposal, or remove with inert absorbent. Use only non-sparking tools and appropriate PPE. Place absorbent diking materials in covered metal containers for disposal. Prevent contamination of sewers, streams, and groundwater with spilled material or used absorbent.

6.4. Reference to other sections

See Sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Precautions for safe handling : For professional or industrial use only. Follow label instructions. Keep out of reach of children. Not for consumption. No smoking. Do not breathe vapors. Avoid contact with body. Turn off all pilot lights, flames, stoves, heaters, electric motors, welding equipment and other sources of ignition. Empty containers must not be washed and re-used for any purpose. Contact lens wearers must wear protective eye wear around chemical vapors and liquid. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Flammable vapors may cause flash fire or ignite explosively. To prevent build-up of vapors, use adequate natural and/or mechanical ventilation (e.g. open all windows and doors to achieve cross ventilation). Containers may be hazardous when empty. Never use welding or cutting torch on or near container. Do not cut, drill, grind, or expose containers to heat, sparks, static electricity or other source of ignition. Explosion may occur causing injury or death.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Technical measures : Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

Storage conditions : Keep container closed when not in use. Store in a cool, dry, well ventilated area away from sunlight. Isolate from oxidizers, heat, sparks, electrical equipment and open flame. Closed containers may explode if exposed to extreme heat. Prevent exposure to water.

Incompatible materials : Strong oxidizing agents. Strong acids. Strong bases.

Maximum storage period : 1 year

Storage temperature : 15.5 - 35 °C (60 - 95 °F)

Heat and ignition sources : Avoid ignition sources.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Butane (106-97-8)		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL STEL [ppm]	1000 ppm
ACGIH	Remark (ACGIH)	TLV® Basis: CNS impair
ACGIH	Regulatory reference	ACGIH 2019
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [1]	1900 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [2]	800 ppm

Propane (74-98-6)		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	Listed under aliphatic hydrocarbon gases: Alkane
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [1]	1800 mg/m³
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [2]	1000 ppm
IDLH	IDLH [ppm]	2100 ppm
NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA	1800 mg/m³
NIOSH	NIOSH REL TWA [ppm]	1000 ppm

Methylene chloride (75-09-2)		
ACGIH	ACGIH OEL TWA [ppm]	50 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL TWA [2]	25 ppm
OSHA	OSHA PEL STEL [2]	125 ppm (see 29 CFR 1910.1052)
OSHA	OSHA PEL C [ppm]	1000 ppm

8.2. Appropriate engineering controls

Appropriate engineering controls : Provide adequate general and local exhaust ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation, or other engineering controls to control airborne levels below recommended exposure limits. Use explosion-proof equipment with flammable materials. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

8.3. Individual protection measures/Personal protective equipment

Personal protective equipment symbol(s):

Personal protective equipment:

Protective goggles. Gloves. Wear chemically impervious apron over labcoat and full coverage clothing. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.

Hand protection:

Use gloves chemically resistant to this material when prolonged or repeated contact could occur. Gloves should be classified under Standard EN 374 or ASTM F1296. Suggested glove materials are: Neoprene, Nitrile/butadiene rubber, Polyethylene, Ethyl vinyl alcohol laminate, PVC or vinyl.

Eye protection:

Wear eye protection, including chemical splash goggles and a face shield when possibility exists for eye contact due to spraying liquid or airborne particles.

Skin and body protection:

Wear long sleeves, and chemically impervious PPE/coveralls to minimize bodily exposure.

Respiratory protection:

Wear a NIOSH-approved (or equivalent) full-facepiece airline respirator in the positive pressure mode with emergency escape provisions. In case of inadequate ventilation or risk of inhalation of vapors, use suitable respiratory equipment with gas filter (type A2). Use a positive-pressure air-supplied respirator if there is any potential for an uncontrolled release, exposure levels are not known, or any other circumstances where air-purifying respirators may not provide adequate protection.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	:	Liquid
Appearance	:	Liquid adhesive in pressurized canister
Color	:	Clear or red
Odor	:	Solvent
Odor threshold	:	No data available
pH	:	No data available
Melting point	:	No data available
Freezing point	:	No data available
Boiling point	:	-24.4 – -41.8 °C (-12 °F – -43.2 °F)
Flash point	:	-104 °C (-156 °F)
Relative evaporation rate (butylacetate=1)	:	> 1
Flammability (solid, gas)	:	No data available
Vapor pressure	:	No data available
Relative vapor density at 20 °C	:	No data available
Relative density	:	0.831
Density	:	6.93 lb/gal
Solubility	:	Slightly soluble
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (Log Pow)	:	No data available
Auto-ignition temperature	:	420 - 556 °C (788 - 1033 °F)
Decomposition temperature	:	No data available
Viscosity, kinematic	:	No data available
Viscosity, dynamic	:	No data available
Explosive limits	:	1.8 - 9.5 vol %

Explosive properties : No data available

Oxidising properties : No data available

9.2. Other information

VOC content : 436.2 g/l EPA Method 24 VOC
Note: Photochemically Reactive Only VOC: 302.1 gr/L

Additional information : 3.30 lb VHAP/lb Solid; 48.8% by weight HAP
Percent volatile: 85.2% (by weight)

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

No dangerous reactions known under normal conditions of use.

10.2. Chemical stability

Stable under recommended handling and storage conditions (see section 7).

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

None known.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Heat. Open flame. Ignition sources.

10.5. Incompatible materials

Strong oxidizers. Strong acids. Strong bases.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

Carbon oxides (CO, CO_2). Aldehydes.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity (oral) : Not classified

Acute toxicity (dermal) : Not classified

Acute toxicity (inhalation) : Not classified

Butane (106-97-8)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	658 g/m³ 4 h; (Source: NLM_CIP)

Propane (74-98-6)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	658 mg/l/4h

Methylene chloride (75-09-2)	
LC50 Inhalation - Rat	53 mg/l 6 h (vapor)

Skin corrosion/irritation : Causes skin irritation.

Serious eye damage/irritation : Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation : Not classified

Germ cell mutagenicity : Not classified.

Carcinogenicity : May cause cancer.

Methylene chloride (75-09-2)	
IARC group	2A - Probably carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

Naphthalene (91-20-3)	
IARC group	2B - Possibly carcinogenic to humans
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Reasonably anticipated to be Human Carcinogen

Reproductive toxicity : Not classified

STOT-single exposure : May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

STOT-repeated exposure : May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard : Not classified

Viscosity, kinematic : No data available

Symptoms/effects	:	Causes skin irritation. Causes serious eye irritation. May cause drowsiness or dizziness. May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
Symptoms/effects after inhalation	:	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
Symptoms/effects after skin contact	:	Causes skin irritation.
Symptoms/effects after eye contact	:	Causes serious eye irritation.
Symptoms/effects after ingestion	:	May cause gastrointestinal irritation.
Chronic symptoms	:	May cause cancer. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - general : This product contains components that will normally float on water. These components may be harmful to aquatic organisms and may cause long term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

12.2. Persistence and degradability

No additional information available

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

Sta'-Put S200 Canister Adhesive - 37 LB, 175 LB, and 355 LB canisters	
Bioaccumulative potential	Contains components with the potential to bio-accumulate.

12.4. Mobility in soil

No additional information available

12.5. Other adverse effects

Other adverse effects : No data available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1. Disposal methods

Waste treatment methods	:	Do not discharge to public wastewater systems without permit of pollution control authorities. No discharge to surface waters is allowed without an NPDES permit.
Product/Packaging disposal recommendations	:	Dispose in a safe manner in accordance with local/national regulations. Do not allow the product to be released into the environment.

SECTION 14: Transport information

Department of Transportation (DOT)

In accordance with DOT

Transport document description (DOT)	:	UN3501 Chemical under pressure, flammable, n.o.s. (Contains: Propane, Butane), 2.1
UN-No.(DOT)	:	UN3501
Proper Shipping Name (DOT)	:	Chemical under pressure, flammable, n.o.s. (Contains: Propane, Butane)
Class (DOT)	:	2.1 - Class 2.1 - Flammable gas 49 CFR 173.115
Hazard labels (DOT)	:	2.1 - Flammable gas

DOT Quantity Limitations Passenger aircraft/rail (49 CFR 173.27)	:	Forbidden
DOT Quantity Limitations Cargo aircraft only (49 CFR 175.75)	:	75 kg
DOT Vessel Stowage Location	:	D - The material must be stowed ''on deck only'' on a cargo vessel and on a passenger vessel carrying a number of passengers limited to not more than the larger of 25 passengers or one passenger per each 3 m of overall vessel length, but the material is prohibited on passenger vessels in which the limiting number of passengers is exceeded.
DOT Vessel Stowage Other	:	40 - Stow ''clear of living quarters''
Emergency Response Guide (ERG) Number	:	115

Other information	:	No supplementary information available.

Transport by sea (IMDG)

Transport document description (IMDG)	:	UN 3501 CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S. (Contains: Propane, Butane), 2.1
UN-No. (IMDG)	:	3501
Proper Shipping Name (IMDG)	:	CHEMICAL UNDER PRESSURE, FLAMMABLE, N.O.S.
Class (IMDG)	:	2 - Gases
Limited quantities (IMDG)	:	0

Air transport (IATA)

Transport document description (IATA)	:	UN 3501 Chemical under pressure, flammable, n.o.s. (Contains: Propane, Butane), 2.1
UN-No. (IATA)	:	3501
Proper Shipping Name (IATA)	:	Chemical under pressure, flammable, n.o.s.
Class (IATA)	:	2

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1. US Federal regulations

Sta'-Put S200 Canister Adhesive - 37 LB, 175 LB, and 355 LB canisters	
All chemical substances in this product are listed as "Active" in the EPA (Environmental Protection Agency) "TSCA Inventory Notification (Active-Inactive) Requirements Rule" ("the Final Rule") of Feb. 2019, as amended Feb. 2021, or are otherwise exempt or regulated by other agencies such as FDA or FIFRA. Methylene Chloride is one of the 10 original High Priority substances undergoing Prioritization under TSCA section 6. It has undergone risk evaluation and is currently being evaluated for risk management steps.	
SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Physical hazard - Gas under pressure Physical hazard - Flammable (gases, aerosols, liquids, or solids) Health hazard - Skin corrosion or Irritation Health hazard - Serious eye damage or eye irritation Health hazard - Carcinogenicity Health hazard - Specific target organ toxicity (single or repeated exposure)

Butane (106-97-8)
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

Propane (74-98-6)
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313

Methylene chloride (75-09-2)	
Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
CERCLA RQ	1000 lb

15.2. International regulations

No additional information available

15.3. US State regulations

These products contain one or more of the following components:

⚠ **WARNING:** This product can expose you to Methylene chloride, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Component	Carcinogenicity	Developmental toxicity	Reproductive toxicity male	Reproductive toxicity female	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
Methylene chloride (75-09-2)	X				200 µg/day (inhalation); 50 µg/day	
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	X				5.8 µg/day	

Component	Carcinogenicity	Developmental toxicity	Reproductive toxicity male	Reproductive toxicity female	No significant risk level (NSRL)	Maximum allowable dose level (MADL)
Aniline (62-53-3)	X					
Benzene-1-azo-2-naphthol (842-07-9)	X					
Nitrobenzene (98-95-3)	X		X			

These products contain one or more of the following components:

Component	State or local regulations
Naphthalene (91-20-3)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List
Propane (74-98-6)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Butane (106-97-8)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Methylene chloride (75-09-2)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
Aniline (62-53-3)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Diphenylamine (122-39-4)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
Benzene-1-azo-2-naphthol (842-07-9)	U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List; U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List
Nitrobenzene (98-95-3)	U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List; U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List; U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List

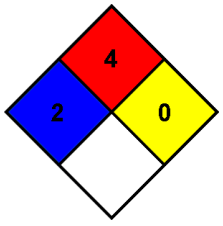
SECTION 16: Other information

Other information : Author: EMA.

NFPA health hazard : 2 - Materials that, under emergency conditions, can cause temporary incapacitation or residual injury.

NFPA fire hazard : 4 - Materials that rapidly or completely vaporize at atmospheric pressure and normal ambient temperature or that are readily dispersed in air and burn readily.

NFPA reactivity : 0 - Material that in themselves are normally stable, even under fire conditions.



HMIS Hazard Rating

Health : 2*

* - Chronic (long-term) health effects may result from repeated overexposure

Flammability : 4

Physical : 0

Indication of changes:
Revision 1.0: New SDS Created.

Sta’-Put S200 Canister Adhesive - 37 LB, 175 LB, and 355 LB canisters

Safety Data Sheet

according to Federal Register / Vol. 77, No. 58 / Monday, March 26, 2012 / Rules and Regulations

This information is based on our current knowledge and is intended to describe the product for the purposes of health, safety and environmental requirements only. It should not therefore be construed as guaranteeing any specific property of the product.